

Review Problems for Midterm II

MATH 3860 – 001

- (1) Find the general solution of the following differential equations.
- (a) $y''(t) + 6y'(t) + 9y = 0$.
 - (b) $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 4y = 0$.
 - (c) $y''(t) + 4y'(t) + 5y = 0$.
 - (d) $t^2y''(t) + 7ty'(t) + 8y(t) = 0$.
 - (e) $t^2y''(t) + 7ty'(t) + 10y(t) = 0$.
 - (f) $t^2y''(t) + 5ty'(t) + 4y(t) = 0$.
 - (g) $t^2y''(t) + ty'(t) + 9y = 0$.
 - (h) $ty''(t) + 2y'(t) = t^3 + t^2 + 1$.
 - (i) $y''(t) + (y'(t))^3 = 0$.
 - (j) $y''(t) = (t + y'(t))^2 - 1$.
- (2) Find the solution of the following initial value problems.
- (a) $y''(t) + 4y'(t) + 5y = 0$, $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = 3$.
 - (b) $t^2y''(t) + 7ty'(t) + 10y(t) = 0$, $y(1) = 2$ and $y'(1) = -5$.
- (3) In the following problems, a differential and one solution y_1 are given. Use the method of reduction of order to find the general solution.
- (a) $t^2y''(t) - t(t + 2)y'(t) + (t + 2)y(t) = 0$; $y_1(t) = t$.
 - (b) $(t + 1)y''(t) - (t + 2)y'(t) + y(t) = 0$; $y_1(t) = e^t$.
- (4) Find the general solution of the following differential equations.
- (a) $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = e^t + \sin(t)$.
 - (b) $y''(t) + 4y = 2\sin(2t) + 3\cos(t)$
 - (c) $y''(t) + 4y = 4e^{4t}$
 - (d) $y''(t) + 4y + 4y(t) = e^{-2t} + e^{2t}$
 - (e) $y''(t) + 5y'(t) + 6y(t) = t^2 + 1$.
 - (f) $t^2y''(t) - ty'(t) - 3y(t) = 4t^2$.
 - (g) $y''(t) + 4y = \sec(2t)$
 - (h) $y''(t) + 4y = \tan(2t)$
 - (i) $t^2y''(t) - t(t + 2)y'(t) + (t + 2)y(t) = t^3e^t(1 + t)$.
Given that $y_1(t) = e^t$ is a solution of $t^2y''(t) - t(t + 2)y'(t) + (t + 2)y(t) = 0$.
 - (j) $(1 - t)y''(t) + ty'(t) - y(t) = 2(t - 1)^2s^{-t}$.
Given that $y_1(t) = t$ is a solution of $(1 - t)y''(t) + ty'(t) - y(t) = 0$.
- (5) Find the solution of the following initial value problems.

- (a) $y''(t) + 4y = 2 \sin(2t) + 3 \cos(t)$, $y(0) = 3$ and $y'(0) = 5$. You may use the result in 4b.
- (b) $y''(t) - ty'(t) + \sin(y(t)) = 0$, $y(1) = 0$ and $y'(1) = 0$.
- (6) What is the form of the particular solution of the following equations? (You don't have to find the particular solution. For example, the form of the particular solution of $y'' + y = \sin(t)$ is $y_p(t) = ct \sin(t) + dt \cos(t)$.)
- (a) $y''(t) + 4y = t^2 e^{-4t}$
- (b) $y''(t) + 4y + 4y(t) = te^{-2t} + e^{2t}$
- (c) $y''(t) + 2y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2te^t \cos(t)$.
- (d) $y''(t) + 2y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2te^t \sin(2t)$.
- (e) $y''(t) + 4y = t \sin(2t) + 3t \cos(2t)$.
- (7) Express the solution of the following equation in the form of $y = Ae^{Bt} \cos(Ct - D)$.
- (a) $y''(t) + 2y'(t) + 2y(t) = 0$, $y(0) = 2$ and $y'(0) = 3$.
- (b) $y''(t) + 4y'(t) + 5y(t) = 0$, $y(0) = 2$ and $y'(0) = 3$.
- (8) Solve the following problems and describe the behavior of the solutions.
- (a) $y''(t) + 4y(t) = A \cos(wt)$ if $w \neq 2$.
- (b) $y''(t) + 4y(t) = A \cos(wt)$ if $w = 2$.