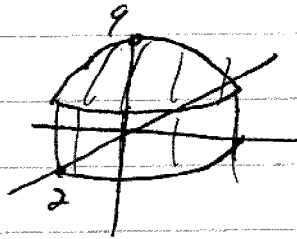


p. 1073

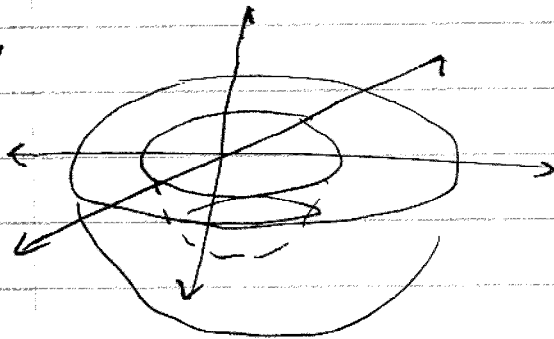
2.



$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 r \, dz \, d\theta = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} 9r \, r^3 \, d\theta = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{9}{2} r^2 - \frac{1}{4} r^4 \Big|_0^2 \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} 18 - 4 \, d\theta = 7\pi$$

4.



region inside 2 hemispheres

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_1^2 \rho^2 \sin\theta \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \frac{\rho^3 \sin\theta}{3} \Big|_1^2 \, d\theta \, d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \frac{7}{3} \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{7}{3} \cos\theta \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \, d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{7}{3} - 0 \, d\phi = 14\pi/3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12. \quad & \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\sqrt{4-r^2}}^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r \, dz \, d\theta \, dr \\
 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} 2r\sqrt{4-r^2} \, d\theta \, dr = \int_0^1 4\pi r\sqrt{4-r^2} \, dr \\
 &= -2\pi \frac{2}{3} (4-r^2)^{3/2} \Big|_0^1 \\
 &= -2\pi \frac{2}{3} (3^{3/2} - 8) \\
 &= \frac{4\pi}{3} (8 - 3\sqrt{3})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17. \quad & \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \rho^2 \cdot \rho^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi \, d\rho \\
 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} -\rho^4 \cos\theta \Big|_0^{\pi} \, d\phi \, d\rho = \int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} 2\rho^4 \, d\phi \, d\rho \\
 &= \int_0^1 4\pi \rho^4 \, d\rho = \frac{4\pi}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 19. \quad & \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^2 \rho \cos\theta \cdot \rho^2 \sin\theta \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\rho^4}{4} \cos\theta \sin\theta \Big|_1^2 \, d\phi \, d\theta \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{15}{4} \sin\theta \cos\theta \, d\phi \, d\theta = \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{15}{2} \sin^2\theta \Big|_0^{\pi/2} \, d\theta \\
 &= \frac{15}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{15\pi}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 22. \quad & \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^4 \rho \sin \theta \cos \theta \rho \sin \theta \sin \theta \rho \cos \theta \rho^2 \sin \theta \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi \\
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} \rho^4 \, d\rho \cdot \int_0^{\pi/3} \sin^3 \theta \cos \theta \, d\theta \cdot \int_0^{2\pi} \sin \theta \cos \theta \, d\theta \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi/3} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

This answer is  $\textcircled{0}$

35.

$$0 \leq \rho \leq 3$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$$

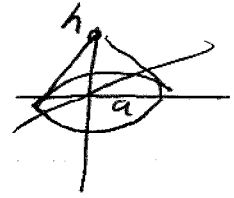
$$0 \leq \phi \leq 2\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^3 \rho \cos \theta \cdot \rho \cdot \rho^2 \sin \theta \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi \\
 &= \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin \theta \cos \theta \, d\theta \cdot \int_0^3 \rho^4 \, d\rho \\
 &= 2\pi \cdot \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi/2} \cdot \frac{\rho^5}{5} \Big|_0^3 \\
 &= 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{243}{5} = \textcircled{243\pi/5}
 \end{aligned}$$

USUAL CONE IS  $Z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

Instead use

$$Z = h - \sqrt{\frac{h^2}{a^2} x^2 + \frac{h^2}{a^2} y^2}$$



$$VOL = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a \int_0^{h - \sqrt{\frac{h^2}{a^2} r^2}} r dz dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a hr - \left( r \sqrt{\frac{h^2}{a^2} r^2} \right) dr d\theta = \frac{r^2 h}{a}$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left. \frac{h}{2} r^2 - \frac{1}{3} r \frac{3h}{a} \right|_0^a d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{ha^2}{2} - \frac{1}{3} a \frac{3h}{a} \right) d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{6} a^2 h d\theta$$

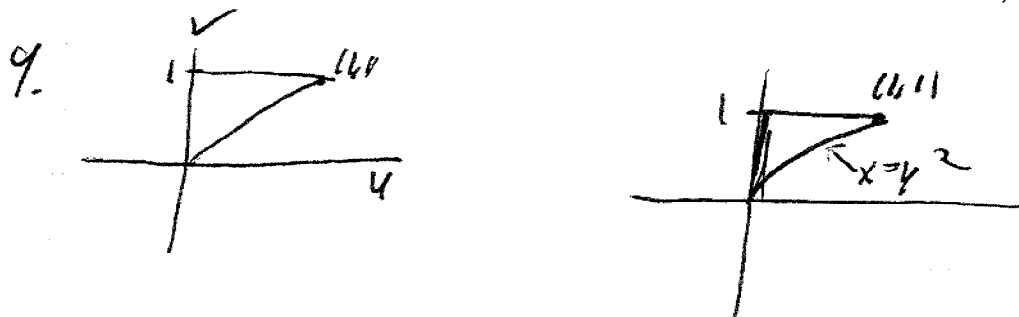
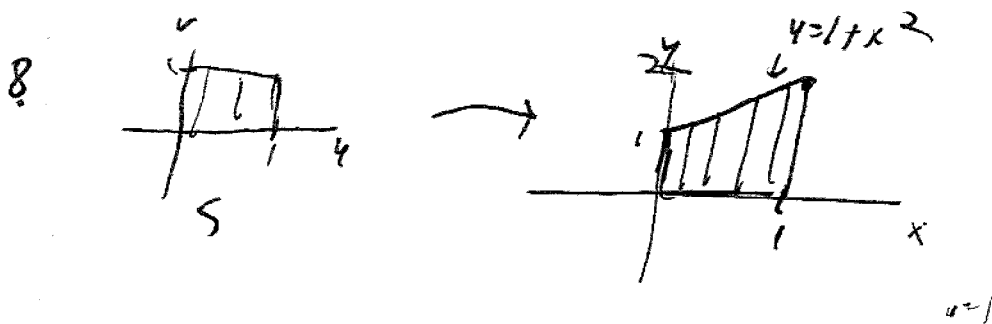
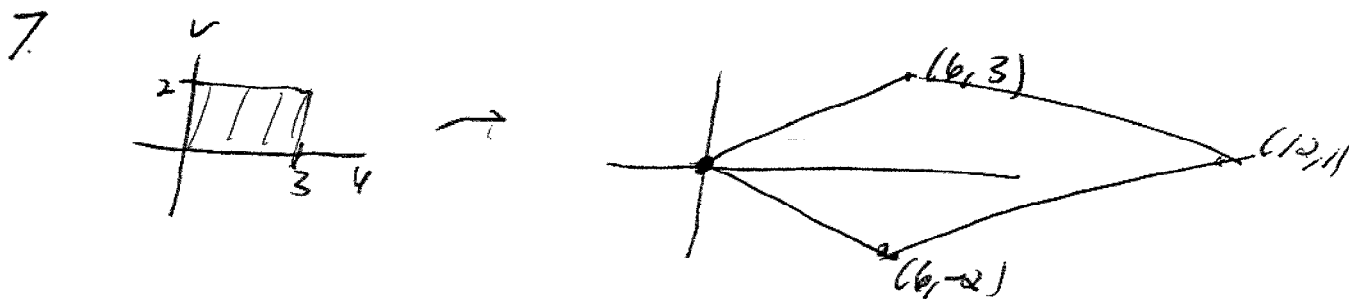
$$= \frac{\pi a^2 h}{3}$$

p.1084 #2,4,5,7,8,9,10,13,14

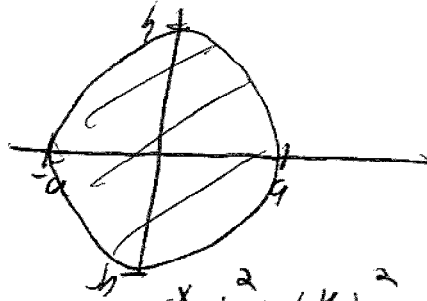
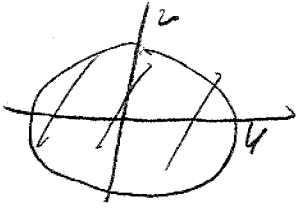
2.  $J = \begin{vmatrix} 24 & -2v \\ 24 & 2v \end{vmatrix} = 84v$

4.  $J = \begin{vmatrix} \sin B & d \cos B \\ \cos B & -d \sin B \end{vmatrix} = -d \sin^2 B - d \cos^2 B = -d$

5.  $J = \begin{vmatrix} v & u & 0 \\ 0 & w & v \\ w & 0 & u \end{vmatrix} = v \cdot (wu) - u(-vw) + 0 = uvw + uvw = 2uvw$

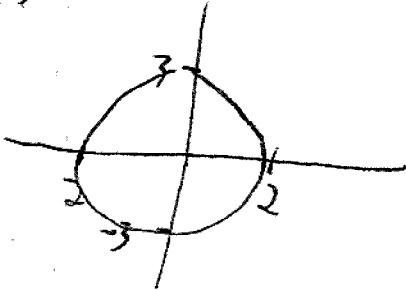


10.



$$\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{3}\right)^2 \leq 1$$

13

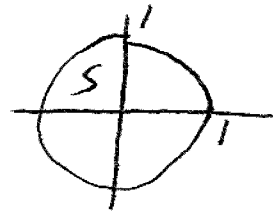


$$9x^2 + 4y^2 = 36$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2u \\ y &= 3v \end{aligned} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} 36u^2 + 36v^2 &= 36 \\ 4^2u^2 + 3^2v^2 &= 36 \end{aligned}$$

$$J = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 6$$



$$\iint_S (24)^2 \cdot 6 \, du \, dv$$

$$= \iint_S 4u^2 \, du \, dv$$

use polar

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 24 r^2 \cos^2 \theta \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= 24 \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta = \int_0^1 r^3 \, dr$$

$$= 24 \cdot \pi \cdot 1/4 = (6\pi)$$

14



14

